



## WRITERSWORLD Newsletter - Issue No. 85

**A Penn State biology professor with a passion for old prints and maps says he has found a new way to date centuries-old books by using a technique similar to what scientists use to study mutations.**

**By Genaro C. Armas: First published by Associated Press**

The so-called "print clock" technique incorporates some complicated statistical formulas. But professor Blair Hedges says much of his analysis on 16th and 17th century books and prints was conducted by simply counting the number of discrepancies such as "line breaks" on the same pages in the different editions of a book. An example of a line break would be a faded line in a drawing that may have been bolder in an earlier edition of a book.

Many experts say breaks or fading may be due to wear and tear during print runs. Hedges says his analysis shows the breaks occur at a constant rate over time, irrespective of print runs, which, in turn, could help scientists and rare book aficionados alike determine when an undated item was printed. Pinpointing an age on an undated item could affect the value or historical significance of an old book, said David Szewczyk, a partner at Philadelphia Rare Books and Manuscripts and a member of the Antiquarian Booksellers' Association of America. Hedges' study was published in an article published Tuesday night by the *Proceedings of the Royal Society A: Mathematical, Physical, and Engineering Sciences*, a British research journal.

"It looks like a sensible and scientific approach to an old problem," said Szewczyk, who had not read the complete study. Generally, experts try to estimate ages of undated materials from the 16th and 17th centuries by researching items like fonts, the type of paper, a printer's watermark or bibliographies.

Hedges said he became interested in finding another method after coming across some old maps and prints while doing research in the Caribbean a couple years ago. The "print clock" technique, Hedges said, is similar to molecular-clock techniques used to time genetic mutations, which is a key tool for dating genetic material in much of his biological research. Hedges, who paid for his own research, looked at prints made from woodblock and copper plates. For the woodblock plates, he studied 23 copies of Bordone's *Isolario*, an atlas containing maps of islands, spanning the first three editions, printed in 1528, 1534, 1547 and a fourth undated edition.

On average, successive editions of books typically had more line breaks than earlier editions. For instance, Hedges found that fourth-edition books had about 550 line breaks, compared with about 300 in third-edition books. "If all the damage was from the printing, then the last copy of the third edition would have had about the same number as the earliest copy of the next edition," he said Tuesday. Typically, plates were put away in between print runs.

It is in storage where Hedges said the woodblocks may deteriorate, which eventually cause more line breaks to show up during printing. That deterioration, on average, caused about 10 more line breaks each year, which would be evident in each successive edition of the *Isolario*. As a result, he estimated that the undated edition was printed in 1565. In the study, Hedges likened the deterioration process to the "random radioactive decay of geologic clocks and the random genetic mutations of molecular evolutionary clocks."

He conducted the same analysis on the printer's logo or mark found in each of the 23 books. That mark would have been printed on a woodblock different from the one used on the rest of the book, though Hedges said he also arrived at the 1565 date. Similar study was conducted on 16th and 17th century prints made from copper plates, and Hedges found, through analyzing the width of lines on



# WRITERSWORLD

THE BOOK PRODUCTION COMPANY

the page, that the plates deteriorated 1 to 2 micrometers per year due to corrosion. The rate is similar to known rates for the atmospheric corrosion of copper, Hedges said.

While more study was needed to determine if the theory could be applied to different types of prints and time periods, "Compared with current methods of dating, such as the use of watermarks, the print clock has the advantage of dating the print and, in some cases, the original artwork (e.g. woodblocks), rather than the paper," Hedges wrote.....**THE END**

Copyright 2006 The Associated Press

### FREE BLACKBERRY 8700

**WRITERSWORLD** have combined with the Interchange Group Plc to bring you the phenomenal offer of a free Blackberry 8700 Wireless Handheld™, the most amazing electronic communication device ever invented, which makes it easy to stay connected while on the go. You get uncompromising email, browsing and voice performance in one thin, stylish, lightweight handheld with a full QWERTY keyboard. Sadly this offer can only apply to United Kingdom residents. ([Please click here to contact our chosen Blackberry retailer](#))

### WORDS TO THE WISE

Whether you use **WRITERSWORLD** or any other print-on-demand company insist that when your book is published you have a direct account with the printer. This will cost you nothing and you will end up with 100% of the royalties and the ability to purchase copies of your books at cost. Yes, with **WRITERSWORLD**, you get 100% of the royalties on sales of your book! You will get exactly the same distribution rights as the print-on-demand publisher and a monthly e-mail letting you know what your sales are. With respect, do not leave your book in the hands of any print-on-demand book publisher and be dependent on the publisher to know what your sales and royalties are and allow them to profit from the sales of your book. Also insist that your book's ISBN number is issued to you and your book's imprint page reflects you as being the publisher.

### SUBSCRIPTIONS & LEGAL NOTICE

Subscriptions to the **WRITERSWORLD** Newsletter are free and please distribute it freely.

**WRITERSWORLD** - The leading book publisher in self-publishing, print on demand books and book reprints in the United Kingdom that also issues the books ISBN number in the author's name, pays the author 100% of the royalties and supplies the author with copies of their books at print cost.

[www.writersworld.co.uk](http://www.writersworld.co.uk)

**www.writersworld.co.uk**  
We can publish your book.